

COMPLETE DENTURE WITH 2 OR 4 LOCATOR ATTACHMENTS

A Complete Denture with 2 or 4 Locator Attachments is an appliance that replaces all of the teeth in one jaw. It is not cemented in the mouth and can be taken out. Locator Attachments are connected to dental implants that are placed in the jawbone. The Locator Attachments connect the Complete Denture to the implants. Generally, 2 implants and attachments are used for a lower jaw Complete Denture, and 4 implants and attachments are used for an upper jaw Complete Denture.

1. What material is in the appliance?

The base of a complete denture with locator attachments is made of pink acrylic. The teeth are made of tooth colored acrylic or porcelain which attach into the base. Locator attachments are plastic and the implants they attach to are titanium.

2. What are the benefits of the appliance?

Locator attachments greatly improve the retention and chewing ability of a complete denture. Patients who have a dry mouth and/or fragile tissue may have difficulty with retention and comfort of a traditional complete denture and benefit from locator attachments. Lip support is better compared to an implant retained fixed restoration. A removable appliance is more easily repaired. Oral hygiene is also easier.

3. What are the risks of a Complete Denture with 2 or 4 Locator Attachments?

Locator attachments wear out over time and need to be replaced. Denture acrylic covering the locator attachment may chip if it is thin due to a limited space in the mouth.

4. What are the alternatives to the appliance?

- . A traditional complete denture
- . A complete denture with a milled bar attachment
- . A complete denture with locator attachments on a bar
- . Crowns or bridges supported by dental implants
- . Leave your mouth as it is

5. How can an existing bite affect the appliance?

Uneven or excessive bite forces may cause wear or fracture of the denture teeth, denture base or locator attachments. Unmanaged bite issues can also cause implants to loosen within the bone and break. Broken or loose implants must be surgically removed.

6. Are there any post-treatment limitations once I have a Complete Denture with 2 or 4 Locator Attachments?

To keep the tissue under the appliance healthy and to prolong the life of the locator attachments, your denture should be left out of your mouth during sleep. The teeth in the denture are not as strong as your natural teeth and you will not be able to chew as heavily on them. The appliance will tend to get food trapped underneath it and you may have to remove and clean it after eating.



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COMPLETE DENTURE WITH A MILLED BAR ATTACHMENT

A Complete Denture with a Milled Bar Attachment is an appliance that replaces all the teeth in one jaw. It is not cemented in the mouth and can be taken out. A Milled Bar Attachment is a metal bar that stays in the mouth and connects the Complete Denture to dental implants. The Milled Bar is usually attached to 4 dental implants that are placed in the jawbone. The Complete Denture has a metal substructure placed into it that connects it to the Milled Bar.

1. What material is in a Complete Denture with a Milled Bar Attachment?

The base of a complete denture is made of pink acrylic. The metal substructure within the denture is made of a very strong metal alloy. The teeth are made of tooth colored acrylic or porcelain. Both the Milled Bar and the implants it is attached to are made of titanium.

2. What are the benefits of the appliance?

A complete denture with a milled bar attachment is the most stable of implant retained dentures. It greatly improves retention, stability and chewing ability over a traditional complete denture with or without locator attachments. Patients who have a dry mouth and/or fragile tissue may have difficulty with retention and comfort of a traditional complete denture and benefit from a milled bar attachment. Lip support is better compared to an implant retained fixed restoration. A removable appliance is more easily repaired. Oral hygiene is also easier. A milled bar attachment allows an upper complete denture to be made without covering the roof of the mouth.

3. What are the risks of a Complete Denture with a Milled Bar Attachment?

An implant may fail and need to be removed. If one implant fails, the entire milled bar may fail, depending on the number and location of implants in the mouth. More space is needed to accommodate the milled bar and attachments than with other types of dentures. Dexterity of the patient may make insertion and removal of the denture difficult. The acrylic base of the denture may fracture.

4. What are the alternatives to the appliance?

- . A traditional complete denture
- . A complete denture with locator attachments
- . A complete denture with locator attachments on a bar
- . Crowns or bridges supported by dental implants
- . Leave your mouth as it is

5. How can an existing bite affect the appliance?

Uneven or excessive bite forces may cause wear or fracture of the denture teeth or denture base. Unmanaged bite issues can also cause implants to loosen within the bone and break. Broken or loose implants must be surgically removed.

6. Are there any post-treatment limitations once I have the appliance?

To keep the tissue under the appliance healthy, your denture should be left out of your mouth during sleep. The teeth in the denture are not as strong as your natural teeth and you will not be able to chew as heavily on them. The appliance may get food trapped underneath it and you may have to remove and clean it after eating.



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COMPLETE DENTURE WITH LOCATOR ATTACHMENTS ON A BAR

A Complete Denture with Locator Attachments on a Bar is an appliance that replaces all of the teeth in one jaw. It is not cemented in the mouth and can be taken out. A milled bar or cast metal bar is connected to 4 dental implants that are placed in the jawbone. Locator attachments are placed in the Complete Denture and connect the denture to the bar.

1. What material is in a Complete Denture with Locator Attachments on a Bar?

The base of a complete denture is made of pink acrylic. If the complete denture has a metal substructure, the substructure is made of a very strong metal alloy. The teeth are made of tooth colored acrylic or porcelain. The bar may be milled titanium or cast metal. The locator attachments are plastic. The implants are titanium.

2. What are the benefits of a Complete Denture with Locator Attachments on a Bar?

A complete denture with locator attachments on a bar is very stable. It greatly improves retention, stability and chewing ability over a traditional complete denture with or without locator attachments. Patients who have a dry mouth and/or fragile tissue may have difficulty with retention and comfort of a traditional complete denture and benefit from locator attachments on a bar. Lip support is better compared to an implant retained fixed restoration. A removable appliance is more easily repaired. Oral hygiene is also easier. A milled or cast metal bar and locator attachments allow an upper complete denture to be made without covering the roof of the mouth. The angulation of the implants is not an issue.

3. What are the risks of a Complete Denture with Locator Attachments on a Bar?

An implant may fail and need to be removed. If one implant fails, the entire bar may fail, depending on the number and location of implants in the mouth. More space is needed to accommodate the bar and attachments than with other types of dentures. The acrylic base of the denture may fracture, especially if it does not contain a metal substructure.

4. What are the alternatives to the appliance?

- . A traditional complete denture
- . A complete denture with a milled bar attachment
- . A complete denture with locator attachments
- . Crowns or bridges supported by dental implants
- . Leave your mouth as it is

5. How can an existing bite affect the appliance?

Uneven or excessive bite forces may cause premature wear of denture teeth. Denture teeth may fracture or become loose from the denture. The denture base can also fracture. Unmanaged bite issues can also cause implants to loosen within the bone and break. Broken or loose implants must be surgically removed.

6. Are there any post-treatment limitations once I have the appliance?

To keep the tissue under the appliance healthy and to prolong the life of the locator attachments, your denture should be left out of your mouth during sleep. The teeth in the denture are not as strong as your natural teeth and you will not be able to chew as heavily on them. The appliance will tend to get food trapped underneath it and you may have to remove and clean it after eating.



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